



INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL FOR ELECTRIC FIRE PUMP CONTROLLERS MODEL FTA1000-1930 - TSA

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Important Safety Information	4
Introduction	6
Technical Data	6
Installation	7
Storage	7
Seismic	7
Environment	7
Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)	7
Handling	7
FCC Regulations and Radio Standards Specification (RSS) Rules	7
Location	8
Mounting	8
Floor mounting	9
Wall mounting	9
Making System Pressure Connections	9
Making Electrical Connections	9
Important Precautions	9
Procedure	10
Operator interface	12
Methods of starting and stopping	13
Methods of starting	13
Automatic start	13
Manual start	13
Remote manual start	13
Remote automatic start, deluge valve start	13
Emergency start	13
Sequential start	13
Test start	13
Methods of stopping	13
Manual stop	13

Automatic stop	14
Emergency stop	14
Transfer switch operation sequence	15
Transfer to alternate power source	15
Re-transfer to normal power source	15
Test transfer sequence	15
Manual operation	15
Commissioning	17
Procedure	17
Maintenance	18
Patents	19

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION



Warning:

This product can expose you to chemicals including DINP, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and DIDP which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.



Warning:

This product can expose you to chemicals including lead and lead compounds, which are know to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

For more information go to: www.P65Warnings.ca.gov



DANGER

Do not attempt to install or perform maintenance on equipment while it is energized! Death, personal injury or substantial property damage may result from contact with energized equipment. Always verify that no voltage is present before proceeding and always follow generally accepted safety procedures. Controller disconnect switch must be in the “off” position in order to open the enclosure door. Firetrol cannot be liable for any misapplication or incorrect installation of its products.

INTRODUCTION

Electric Fire Pump controllers are designed to start an electric motor driven fire pump. It can either start the fire pump manually through the local start pushbutton or automatically through the sensing of a pressure drop in the sprinkler system. The fire pump controller is supplied with a pressure transducer. The fire pump can be stopped manually with the local stop pushbutton or automatically after the expiration of a field programmable timer.

It is equipped with an automatic transfer switch that feeds the controller from either the normal or the alternate power source.

Technical Data

Rating	Value
Rated Operational Current I_e	According to the Motor (HP/kW)
Rated Operational Voltage U_e	According to the controller rating label
Rated Operational Frequency	50/60Hz
Standard environmental temperature	4°C to 40°C
Altitude	≤ 2000m
Relative humidity	5% to 80%
Pollution degree	3
Short Circuit Current Rating I_{cc} (SCCR) (A)	According to the controller rating label
Standard degree of protection	NEMA Type 2
Standby power consumption	13 W

INSTALLATION

Storage

If the controller is not installed and energized immediately, Firetrol recommends following the instructions in chapter 3 of NEMA ICS 15.

Seismic

Electric Fire Pump controllers are optionally seismic approved and has been tested in accordance with the ICC-ES AC156, IBC 2015 & CBC 2013 standards. Proper installation, anchoring and mounting is required to validate this compliance report. Refer to this manual and drawings to determine the seismic mounting requirements and location of the center of gravity (you may need to contact factory). The equipment manufacturer is not responsible for the specification and performance of anchorage systems. The structural engineer of record on the project shall be responsible for anchorage details. The equipment installation contractor shall be responsible for ensuring the requirements specified by the structural engineer of record are satisfied. If detailed seismic installation calculations are required, please contact the manufacturer for the performance of this work.

Environment

Electric Fire Pump controllers are intended to be installed in locations where ambient temperatures are within 4°C and 40°C and the relative humidity is controlled between 5% and 80%. Optionally, the controller can have an extended temperature of up to 55 °C and as low as -5°C, provided that the controller and the pressure water pipes are heated to prevent water freezing and damaging the electronics and the piping system.

They are intended for pollution degree 3 and shall be installed at an altitude of no more than 2000 meters. For abnormal installation environment, consult factory.

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

Electric Fire Pump controllers have been tested for the most stringent conditions for emissions (Environment B) and immunity (Environment A), hence controllers can be installed in either environment. All controllers variants share the same electronics and comply to those criteria without requiring additional measures.

Handling

The weight of each Electric Fire Pump controller is indicated on the packing label. Lightweight controllers do not require special handling instructions, while heavy controllers are equipped with lifting means and should be handled following the guidelines specified in Firetrol's document "Large Enclosure Safe Handling Requirements_PN12162021".

FCC Regulations and Radio Standards Specification (RSS) Rules

To comply with FCC and Industry Canada RF exposure compliance requirements, a separation distance of at least 20 cm must be maintained between the antenna of this device and all nearby

persons. This device must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

This device contains licence-exempt transmitter(s)/receiver(s) that comply with Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada's licence-exempt RSS(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

1. This device may not cause interference.
2. This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Compliance: CAN ICES-003(B) / NMB-003(B)

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

“Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.”

Location

Consult the appropriate job plans to determine the controller mounting location.

The controller shall be located as close as practical to the engine or motor it controls and shall be within sight of the engine or motor. The controller shall be located or protected such that it will not be damaged by water escaping from pump or pump connections. Current carrying parts of the controller shall be not less than 12 in. (305 mm) above the floor level.

Working clearances around controller shall comply with NFPA 70, National Electrical Code, Article 110 or C22.1, Canadian Electrical Code, Article 26.302 or any applicable local codes.

The standard controller enclosure is rated NEMA Type 2. It is the installer's responsibility to insure that either the standard enclosure meets the ambient conditions or that an enclosure with an appropriate rating has been provided. Controllers must be installed inside a building and they are not designed for outside environment. The paint color may change if the controller is exposed to ultraviolet rays for a long period of time.

Mounting

The Electric Fire Pump controller shall be mounted in a substantial manner on a single incombustible supporting structure.

Floor mounting

Floor mounted controllers shall be attached to the floor using all holes provided on the mounting feet with hardware designed to support the weight of the controller. The mounting feet provide the necessary 12 in. (305 mm) clearance for current carrying parts.

Wall mounting

Refer to the controller dimension drawing for necessary mounting dimensions.

The controller is wall mounted by using at least four (4) wall anchors, 2 anchors for the top mounting brackets and 2 anchors for the bottom mounting brackets. The brackets are dimensionally on the same centerline for ease in mounting. There should be a clearance of at least 6 inches (152mm) around the controller to allow proper air circulation around the equipment.

1. Using either the dimension print or by measuring the distance between the center lines of the lower bracket slots, transcribe this dimension on to the wall. Note: The bottom edge of the enclosure should be a minimum of 12" (305mm.) from the floor in case flooding of the pump room occurs.
2. Drill and put anchors into the wall for the lower mounting brackets.
3. Mark on the wall, the location of the holes in the upper mounting brackets.
4. Drill and put anchors into wall for the upper mounting brackets.
5. Install bolts and washers in lower anchors.
6. Align holes in upper mounting brackets and install bolts and washers in anchors.
7. Shim anchors as necessary to ensure rear of enclosure is vertical level and enclosure is not stressed.
8. Tighten all anchor bolts.
9. Check to be sure enclosure door open and closes freely and that enclosure is level.

Making System Pressure Connections

The controller requires one (1) "System Pressure" connection from the system piping to the enclosure. The connection fitting, 1/2" NPT male port, is provided on the left external side of the enclosure for this purpose. Refer to NFPA 20 for correct field piping procedure of the sensing line between the pumping system and the controller. If a drain is present, the connection to the drain is a tapered connection for plastic tubing.

Making Electrical Connections

The electrical wiring between the power source and the fire pump controller shall meet the NFPA 20, NFPA 70 National Electrical Code Article 695 or C22.1 Canadian Electrical Code, Section 32-200 or any applicable local codes. Electrical wiring shall be typically sized to carry at least 125% of the full load current (FLC or FLA) of the fire pump motor.

Important Precautions

A licensed electrician must supervise the electrical connections. The dimension drawings show the area suitable for incoming power and motor connections. No other location shall be used. Only

watertight hub fittings shall be used when entering the cabinet to preserve the NEMA or IP rating of the cabinet.

The installer is responsible for adequate protection of the Electric Fire Pump controller components against metallic debris or drilling chips. Failure to do so may cause injuries to personnel, damage the controller and subsequently void warranty.

Prior to making any field connections

1. Open door of enclosure and inspect internal components and wiring for any signs of frayed or loose wires or other visible damage.
2. Verify that the controller information is what is required on the project:
 1. Firetrol catalog number
 2. Motor electrical nameplate information matches controller rating for voltage, frequency, FLA and HP.
3. Project's electrical contractor must supply all necessary wiring for field connections in accordance with the National Electrical Code, local electrical code and any other authority having jurisdiction.
4. Refer to the appropriate field connection drawing for wiring information.

Procedure

All field connections, remote alarm functions and AC wiring are brought into the enclosure through the top or bottom conduit entrances as indicated on the dimensional drawing.

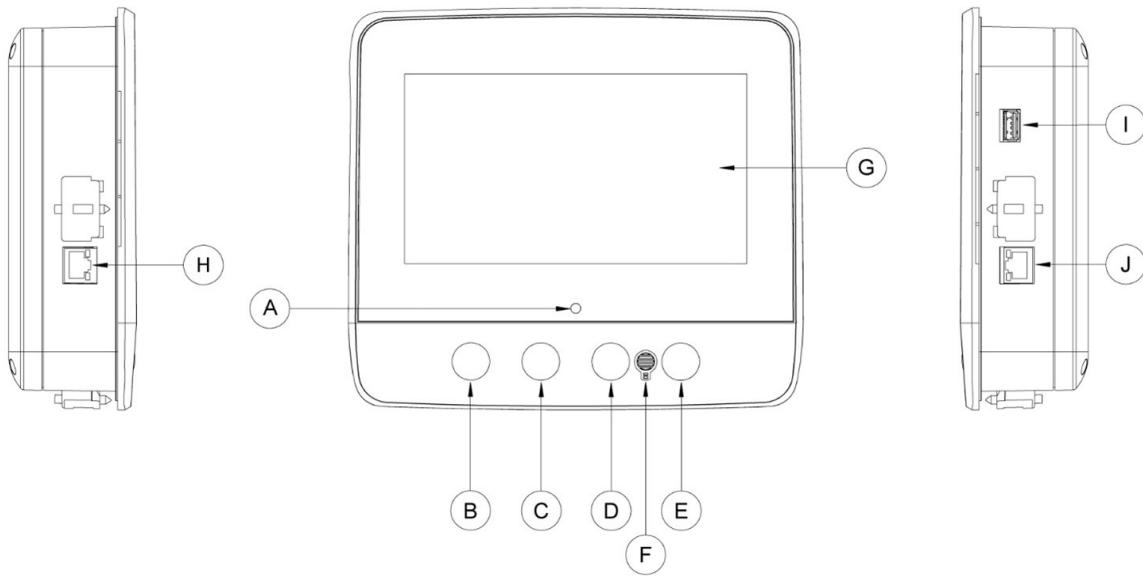
Do not place conduit entrances on the sides of the enclosure unless a gland plate is provided.

1. Using a hole (conduit) punch, create a hole in the enclosure for the size conduit being used.
2. Install necessary conduit.
3. Pull all wires necessary for field connections, remote alarm functions, AC power and all other optional features. Bring enough wire inside the enclosure to make up connections to the appropriate line, load and control terminal block points. Be sure to consult the appropriate field connection diagram for connection points and acceptable wire size. For proper wire sizing, refer to the National Electrical Code, NFPA 70.
4. Make all field connections to the remote alarm functions and any other optional features.
5. Connect motor to controller load terminals.
6. Find nameplate on Electric Fire Pump motor and make note of its full load amp rating.
7. Verify AC line voltage, phase and frequency with the controller data plate on the enclosure door prior to connecting.
8. Connect AC power.
9. Check to see that all connections are both correctly wired (in accordance with the field con-

nection diagram) and tight.

10. Close the enclosure door.

OPERATOR INTERFACE



- A. Status LED
- B. Manual start
- C. Stop
- D. Transfer-switch test
- E. Run test
- F. Alarm buzzer
- G. Touch screen display
- H. Factory reserved
- I. USB key connector for logs download and software updates
- J. Ethernet connector for standard TCP/IP communication

METHODS OF STARTING AND STOPPING

Methods of starting

Automatic start

The controller will start automatically on low pressure detection by the pressure sensor when the pressure drops below the cut-in threshold.

Manual start

The motor can be started by pressing the manual start pushbutton, regardless of the system pressure.

Remote manual start

The motor can be started from a remote location by momentarily closing a contact of a manual pushbutton.

Remote automatic start, deluge valve start

The motor can be started from a remote location by momentarily opening a contact connected to an automatic device.

Emergency start

The motor can be started manually by using the emergency handle. This handle can be maintained in a closed position.

Important: to avoid damaging the contactor, it is recommended to start the motor in this manner:

1. Shutdown the main power by using the main disconnect means,
2. Pull the emergency start handle and lock it in closed position,
3. Turn the power back on by using the main disconnect means.

Sequential start

In case of a multiple pump application, it may be necessary to delay the automatic starting of each motor to prevent simultaneous starting of all motors.

Test start

The motor can be started in test mode manually by pressing the run test pushbutton, or automatically by using the periodic test feature.

Methods of stopping

Manual stop

Manual stop is done by pressing the priority stop pushbutton. Note that pressing the stop push button will prevent the motor from restarting as long as the button is pressed, plus a two second delay. This action has priority over any active demand, but the motor will restart automatically once the button is released if there is any.

Automatic stop

This function is never activated by default and must be authorized by the authority having jurisdiction prior to activating.

Automatic stop is possible only after an automatic start. When this function is enabled, the motor is automatically stopped 10 minutes after the restoration of the pressure given that no other run cause is present. The 10 minutes delay is adjustable.

Emergency stop

The emergency stop is always possible in any starting condition and is done by using the main disconnecting means located on the door.

TRANSFER SWITCH OPERATION SEQUENCE

The transfer-switch shall be supplied either by a second utility or by an on-site standby generator complying with the requirements of a Level 1, Type 10, Class X system of NFPA 110, meaning it shall supply power to the fire pump controller within 10 seconds.

Additionally, the fire pump controller shall be fully operational and ready to start within 10 seconds after the application of power. Those two requirements combined means that the total time frame between a normal power loss and a the controller being ready to start on the alternate power, if provided by a generator, shall be at most 20 seconds.

Transfer to alternate power source

When the normal power source is outside acceptable parameters for at least three seconds, a generator start command is issued. The three second delay can be adjusted to help meet the 10 seconds requirement of the generator, **but doing so increases the risk of nuisance starting of the generator** in case of power brownouts. Special consideration must be taken before editing this value.

Once the alternate power is within acceptable parameters for at least another three seconds, the transfer to the alternate power source is initiated.

Re-transfer to normal power source

The transfer switch will stay in alternate position, if the motor is running, for as long as the alternate power source is within acceptable parameters. The re-transfer sequence is enabled if the motor is not running.

When the normal power source is within acceptable parameters for at least five minutes, the re-transfer to the normal power source is initiated. A cool-down period of five minutes maintains the generator running after which its start command will be removed.

Test transfer sequence

A full transfer sequence can be executed by means of pressing the transfer-switch test membrane button.

Manual operation

The transfer-switch is designed to be kept in automatic mode at all times. In certain emergency situations requiring it, the transfer-switch can be manually operated.

There is 180° between the Normal position (I) and the Alternate position (II). To operate manually the Transfer Switch:

1. Use the Disconnect Switches to turn OFF the power of both Normal and Alternate sides.
2. Open the door of the Alternate side.
3. On the Transfer Switch, put the selector switch in Manual mode.

4. Take the handle, situated inside the controller door and insert it in the square hole on the Transfer Switch.
5. Turn the handle clockwise 180° to transfer from Alternate to Normal position, or counterclockwise 180° to transfer from Normal to Alternate position.
6. Remove the handle and put it back on the support inside the controller door.
7. If required, pull the emergency start handle and lock it in place.
8. Close the door and using the disconnecting switch handles put back the power on both sides.

BE CAREFUL

Do not close the controller door if the handle is still installed in the Transfer Switch.

Do not operate manually the Transfer Switch if the power is still ON.

COMMISSIONING

Only an authorized field acceptance provider shall proceed with Electric Fire Pump controller commissioning. If you do not have the required training and authorization, contact factory.

Until commissioning is completed, the controller main screen is replaced by the commissioning menu and the automatic mode is disabled.

Procedure

To commission the controller:

1. Secure the door in closed position then put the circuit breaker disconnecting means in ON position.
2. Log in with your password and complete the first start up menu on the screen.
3. For three-phase motors, in case of incorrect rotation, **power off the controller** and swap two wires at the contactor load side, then power the controller back on.
4. Once all the necessary steps are completed and that you are logged in with your password, the "Service Done" button will become online.
5. Press the "Service Done" button once you are satisfied with the readings and parameters.
6. Download the logs to save in your report.

MAINTENANCE

Firetrol controllers are covered by a limited warranty and backed by a 10-years service life or until supply last, provided that proper installation, commissioning, use and maintenance of the controller is made as per this document, NFPA 25, and any maintenance standard applicable.

Proper controller performance must be asserted at least once a month by executing the following:

1. With the system being at nominal pressure, ensure that the pressure reading is within tolerances
2. Perform a test start sequence and verify that
 1. The motor starts when the pressure falls below cut-in
 2. There are no alarms
 3. There is no nuisance tripping
 4. The motor starts properly and is able to accelerate within the expected time
 5. The motor rotates in the appropriate direction
 6. The pump is able to rise the pressure above the cut-out
 7. The motor stops when the pressure is above cut-out after the configured test duration time

In addition to the above, the following preventative maintenance must be performed at least once year:

1. Turn off the controller
2. Do a visual inspection of the exterior of the controller
3. Open the enclosure and do a visual inspection of the interior of the controller
4. Make sure that there is no dust accumulation inside the controller
5. Inspect the tightness of each dead cable
6. Put the controller back in service

PATENTS

Country	Title	Grant NO
CA	Mechanical activator for contactor	2741881
US	Mechanical activator for contactor	US8399788B2
CA	Mechanical activator for electrical contactor	165512
CA	Mechanical activator for electrical contactor	165514
US	Mechanical activator for electrical contactor	D803794
US	Mechanical activator for electrical contactor	Patent pending
EP	Mechanical activator for electrical contactor	002955393-0001/2
AE	Mechanical activator for electrical contactor	Patent pending
AE	Mechanical activator for electrical contactor	Patent pending
CA	Fire pump digital operator	163254
US	Fire pump digital operator interface	D770313
AE	Fire pump digital operator interface	Patent pending
EP	Fire pump digital operator interface	002937250-0001
CA	System and method for detecting failure in a pressure sensor of a fire pump system	Patent pending
US	System and method for detecting failure in a pressure sensor of a fire pump system	Patent pending



Contact

3362 Apex Peakway
Apex, NC 27502 USA
+1-919-460-5200

Technical Support

fieldservices@firetrol.com

Sales

sales@firetrol.com

